



Control Organisations

UIC 2012 World Congress, Bratislava

Guido te Brake





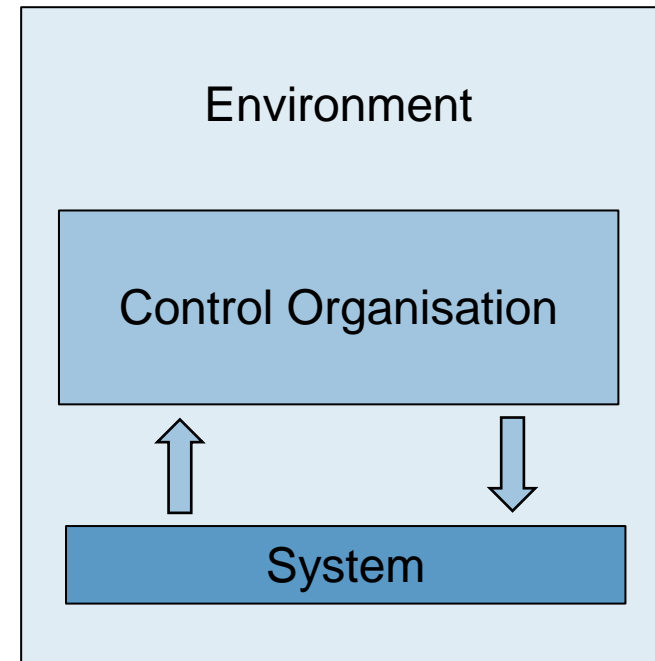
Overview

- › What are control organisations?
- › Trends and developments
- › HF-based framework for designing control organisations
- › Implications for railway security



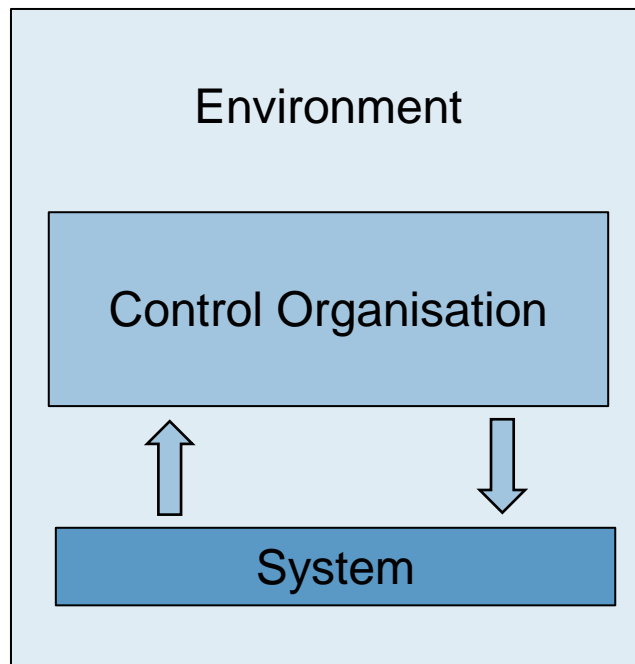
What are control organisations?

- › Operational teams
- › Critical environments
- › Managing or controlling a system or process
- › Deal with predicted and unexpected real-time events
- › Typical examples:
 - › Critical/vital infrastructures
 - › Highway, rail, utility, telecom
 - › Complex operations
 - › Crisis management, logistics, defence





The environment is changing

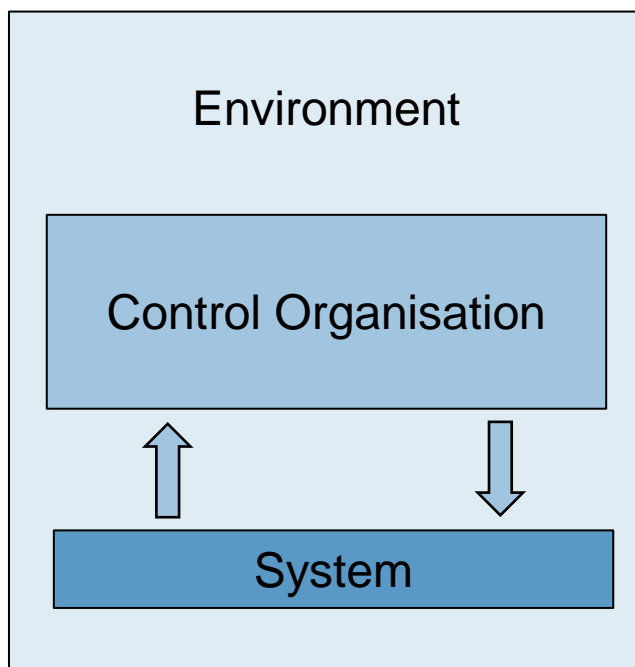


- › Interdependency between organisations: multidisciplinary
- › Network-enabled operations





The system is changing



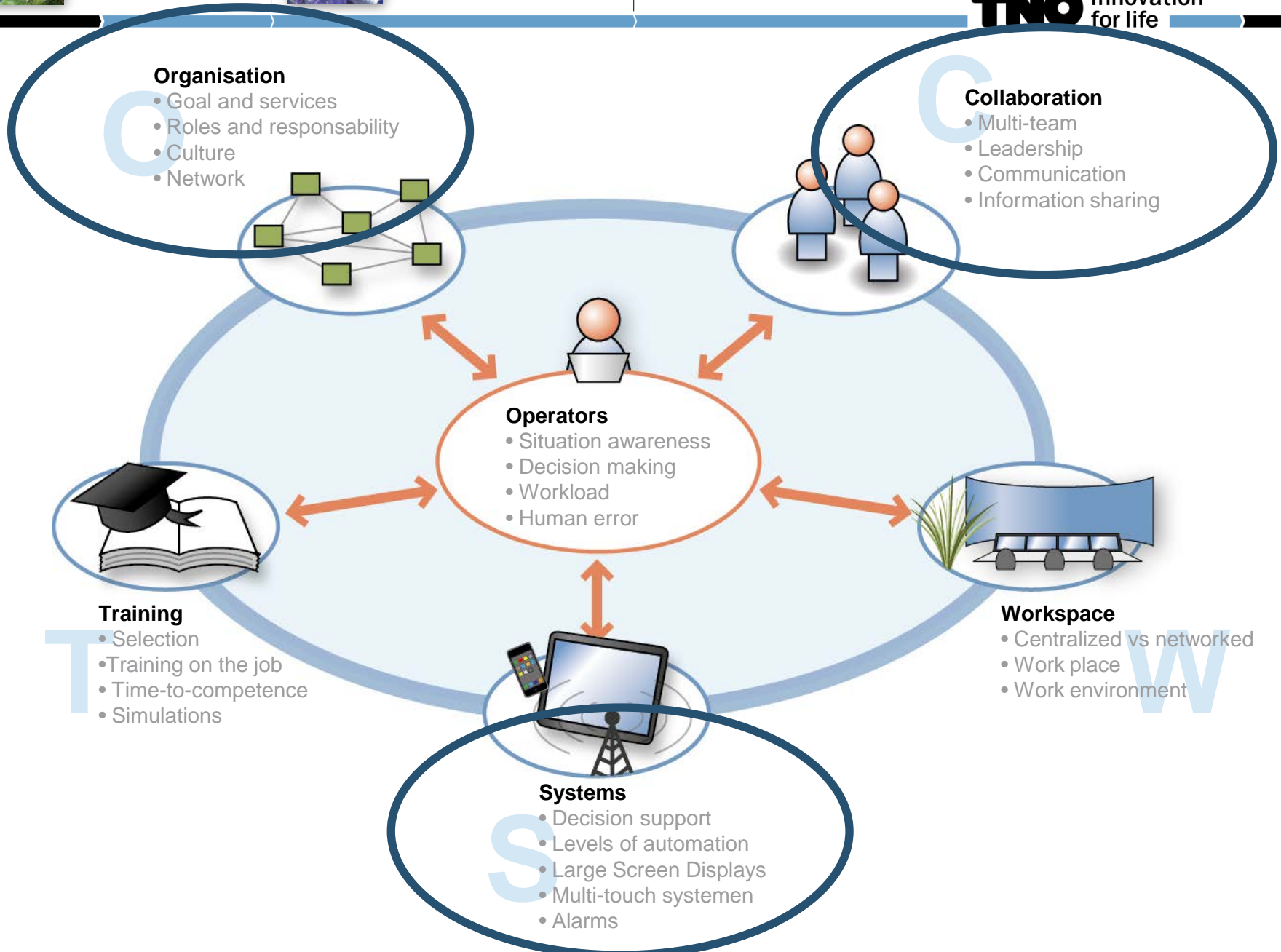
- › Self-organisation and autonomy
- › Changing roles
- › Social media





Control Organisations are changing

- › Shift from operational to tactical tasks
 - › Higher levels of automation
 - › From direct control to supervisory control
- › From reactive to a proactive mindset
- › Smaller teams, higher operational efficiency
- › From domain experts to information managers
 - › Lower levels of domain knowledge required for operators
 - › Other competences and skills required for operators





Trends in organisation

- › The control organisation is part of a network of organisations
 - › Trans-organisational networks: the control network
 - › Adaptive, variation in partners
 - › Boundary spanning issues between organisations in different domains and disciplines
- › Shift from isolated control rooms to a networked virtual control center





Trends in collaboration

- › Multi-team systems (team of teams)
- › Collaboration at a distance
 - › Ad hoc virtual teams with local and remote experts
- › New forms of leadership





Trends in systems

- › Networking-enabled cooperation technologies
 - › Interoperability
 - › Integration of data sources
- › Autonomous software agents, new HCI principles
- › Social media monitoring and acting (Twitcident)
- › Smart mobile devices bring control data and functions to the field
- › Intelligent camera systems



Facebook party invite sparks riot in Haren, Netherlands



Up to 600 riot police were deployed



Railway security (and safety)

- › Challenges (TRIPS/PROTECTRAIL):
 - › The complexity of interconnected infrastructures and systems
 - › Different and sometimes conflicting stakeholder requirements

- › Interoperability needs to be addressed at a technological and an organizational level



Railway security (and safety)

- › Challenge (TRIPS/PROTECTRAIL):
 - › Quick threat/incident detection
- › Two important technical enablers
 - › Advanced camera systems
 - › Social media tools
- › Shift to proactive emergency response centres
 - › Prediction and early signalling
 - › Smarter influencing crowd behaviour
- › Changing attitude towards citizens
 - › Increasing self-reliance
 - › Citizens can support first responders





Questions?

